

# Clue to Wilson's Vision of Clemenceau's Speech

## CROWDS OF BRITISH TELL WILSON GOOD-BY IN LONDON

Visit of American Chief Executive and His Party Intensifies Complete and Solid Understanding Between United States and Great Britain—French Premier's Speech Discussed.

Dover, England, Dec. 31.—President Wilson and his party left for Calais at 11:20 o'clock this morning. Left on Special Train.

London, Dec. 31.—President and Mrs. Wilson left Victoria station at 9:18 o'clock this morning on a special train en route to France. King George and Queen Mary and the Duke of Connaught accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Wilson to the station. Premier Lloyd George was on the platform and saw the president and his life depart. The Scots guards formed the guard of honor and the band of the Irish guards played. Among those who were at the station were Gen. Sir William R. Robertson, Vice-Admiral Sims, John W. Davis, the American ambassador, and Lady Reading. Mrs. Wilson chatted with Queen Mary and shook hands with her handkerchiefs and the band playing as it left the station.

It was a dark and rainy morning, but crowds lined the streets from Buckingham palace to the station and cheered as the procession passed. President Wilson and King George were in the first carriage, Mrs. Wilson, Queen Mary and Princess Mary in the second and members of the president's party and court officials were in the three other carriages. Mrs. Wilson's umbrella was raised on account of the rain, but she nodded and smiled to the crowds at the station.

No Clue to Wilson's Thoughts.

As the president was leaving England he telegraphed King George a message expressing deep appreciation of his entertainment in this country and wishing the English people a happy new year.

The president returns to France, members of his party indicated, feeling that great progress has been made toward the achievement of his peace ideals. In the trip to Dover Premier Clemenceau's speech was discussed among the Americans. No expression, however, was forthcoming to give any clue as to President Wilson's feeling regarding it.

## KARL DOESN'T WANT THRONE

Probably Remembers That "Uneasy Lies the Head That Wears the Crown."

## DEMILITARIZATION PLANS

Hindenburg Still Head of German Army Disorders in Ruhr Valley.

The Hague, Dec. 31.—It was officially announced in Berlin today that Prince Frederick Karl, of Hesse, has renounced the throne of Finland.

Stockholm, Dec. 31.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg, who is still at the head of the German army, has telegraphed to the government at Berlin that the German industrial magnates are in favor of the occupation of Berlin by a British force, according to word from the German capital today.

Alland Plans.

Stockholm, Dec. 31.—An agreement dealing with demilitarization on the island of Alland was signed by representatives of Finland, Germany and Sweden at the foreign office today.

The Alland Islands in the Baltic were taken from Sweden by Russia in 1909. After the bolsheviks gained control in Russia, Germany occupied the islands with troops.

Declines Position.

Copenhagen, Dec. 31.—Herr Loebe, who has been appointed to the post of minister of the interior, yesterday, was informed the central council of soldiers and workmen of Germany that he does not wish to enter the government, preferring to continue his work at the ministry.

Sides With Socialists.

Paris, Dec. 31.—(Havas).—Kurt Eisner, the premier of Bavaria, has sided with the independent socialist Friedrich Ebert, the German premier, according to advices to the Petit Parisien.

Tangle in Ruhr Valley.

Geneva, Dec. 31.—(Havas).—New disorders have occurred in the Ruhr valley, according to reports from the harbor. Armed strikers attacked soldiers guarding two coal mines and both properties were damaged. The strikers were finally compelled to resume work.

Food Conference.

Munich, Dec. 31.—Kurt Eisner, the Bavarian premier, went to Stuttgart today to share in an important conference relative to food supply. It is understood ministers from all the southern German states are participating in the conference which also will discuss the unity of the empire and German demands for equal rights.

After a long delay and many conflicting reports, it is understood exchange regarding the Czech-Slovak relations between Czech-Slovak and Germany have finally begun.

## SIMS TO BE PRESIDENT

Admiral Will Take Head of United States Naval War College.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Admiral William S. Sims, commander of the American fleet in European waters, will be relieved of his present duties to assume the presidency of the United States Naval War college at Newport, R. I., it was announced today by Secretary Daniels.

It is expected that Admiral Sims will be able to finish up his present duties in Europe early next spring, and will then take up his new post.

It is understood that Admiral Sims requested that he be assigned to the college.

Admiral Sims has been in command of American naval operations in European waters since April 28, 1917, and has made an enviable record. He was born in 1858, and was graduated from the naval academy in 1880.

## The Dying Year

RING out, wild bells, to the wild sky,  
The flying cloud, the frosty light;  
The year is dying in the night;  
Ring out, wild bells, and let him die.

Ring out a slowly dying cause,  
And ancient forms of party strife;  
Ring in the nobler modes of life,  
With sweeter manners, purer laws.

RING out false pride in place and blood,  
The civic slander and the spite;  
Ring in the love of truth and right,  
Ring in the common love of good.

Ring out old shapes of foul disease,  
Ring out the narrowing lust of gold;  
Ring out the thousand wars of old,  
Ring in the thousand years of peace.

—ALFRED, LORD TENNYSON.

## BLIND WOMAN STANDS GUARD

First Full-Blooded American Indian to Reach River Rhine.

HAS EYES OF AN EAGLE

Somebody Ought to Write a Book on Bravery of Battalion Runners.

With the American Army of Occupation in Germany, Dec. 30.—(By Courier to Nancy).—(L. N. S.).—The first American Indian—a real Redskin, not the other variety—to reach the Rhine is Chief Thomas Blind Woman, a full-blooded aborigine from a reservation in Oklahoma. He is attached to Company H of the Thirty-ninth Infantry regiment of the American army of occupation.

His platoon was shorted, however, for shortly afterwards Princess Tsam-nah, of the Cherokee tribe, a Y. M. C. singer, reached the Rhine and is helping out at the entertainments.

Corp. Blind Woman was on sentry duty at the railroad on the outskirts of Coblenz. He was a stalwart, solemn figure as he looked from the river, now swollen by a winter freshet, to the castles above. His eyes were an appraising one.

"I used to know a Dutchman who told me there are lots of deer and wild birds in these woods," he murmured. "They would certainly make a tall hunting ground for the bucks of the old days."

Capt. R. W. Carrigan, of Orange, N. C., formerly a battalion adjutant in the Thirty-ninth infantry, knows Corp. Blind Woman well.

"He is anything but blind," declared Capt. Carrigan. "He has the eyes of a hawk. He is poor at map reading, but a bear at scouting. He used to lead patrols. He hardly spoke, but he looked at you with silent, fearless and stoic. He is the calmest man under fire I ever saw; just like a cake of ice. He did great work as a battalion runner too."

Capt. Carrigan here digressed to speak of battalion runners in general. "Somebody ought to write a book on the bravery of battalion runners," he said. "They are the gamest lot I ever saw. There was a little Frenchman of his name, but he worked in the states before the war. Few of his equals. No place was too dangerous for him to go. It is safe to say there wasn't a plucker or more reliable runner in the whole American expedition force. He was as the fellows used to call him, was the marvel of the regiment. He sprinted and crawled through hell time after time to deliver his messages. He was a real hero."

He would be off like a rocket into the thickest of the fighting. He had even a shade on Tom Blind Woman, which is sure going some."

The Christmas celebration in Coblenz by Rev. Father Dunigan and the sermon preached by Bishop Brent, the Episcopal chaplain at Coblenz, were featured in the local German newspapers. The Coblenz Volks Zeitung says in part:

"The Americans made use of the occasion to reveal to the thoughtless that the Christian spirit which animates their army and administration and which finds a joyous echo in our hearts. We know little of the feelings and thoughts of the Americans. We were strangers to them. They were strangers to us. The holy Christmas festival gave us an insight into the religious life of the American soldiers."

## REVOLT IN PRISON

Sinn Feiners Barricade Themselves in Belfast.

London, Dec. 31.—The Sinn Fein prisoners in the Belfast jail have barricaded themselves in a wing of the prison, where they have stored enough food to last them until the end of the year, a dispatch from Belfast today.

The authorities sent reinforcements to cut off the gas, water and electricity supply to the local town. The prisoners have been holding out since Christmas.

It is rumored that some of the Christmas parcels sent into the prison were being held back by the prisoners by holding back recruiting meetings.

## SIXTEEN LIVES LOST.

U. S. Steamer Quintero Driven Ashore East of Mindoro, P. I.

Manila, Dec. 31.—Sixteen lives are believed to have been lost when the United States shipping board's steamer Quintero was driven ashore in a storm Christmas night on Tablas Island, twenty-five miles east of Mindoro. The missing were passengers and members of the crew. News of the wreck reached here today. The vessel, which was used in the inter-island service, is badly damaged, but it is believed its cargo can be saved.

## KING GEORGE PRESENTS

London, Dec. 31.—King George has presented a magnificently bound and illustrated history of Windsor castle to President Wilson as a birthday gift, according to the Mail.

## HISTORIC VISIT COMES TO END

Masses Shout Good-By and Good Luck to President Wilson.

Escort Across Channel

President Deeply Gratified With Warmth of British Reception.

Dover, Dec. 31.—President Wilson left the shores of England just before noon today. The special train bearing Mr. and Mrs. Wilson and their party arrived from London at 11 o'clock, and the Brighton, on which they sailed, warped into the harbor from her pier twenty minutes later.

There was a guard of honor from the Royal Fusiliers at the harbor. A band played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and "God Save the King" as the ship and her naval and aerial escort moved slowly out into the channel.

(By Floyd McGriff.)

London, Dec. 31.—President Wilson's historic visit to England came to an end today.

Accompanied by King George, Queen Mary and Princess Mary, the president and Mrs. Wilson drove in semicircle to Victoria station, arriving at 9:10 o'clock. The special presidential train left for Dover eight minutes later.

"I am extremely pleased with my visit and deeply gratified at the warmth of the welcome," President Wilson was quoted as saying by a member of his party. "It is a revelation of the complete and solid understanding between the two countries."

In spite of rain and a cold, driving wind, a tremendous crowd turned out to say farewell to the first American president who ever visited Britain, and to the first American president who ever visited Britain.

"Good-by and good luck," shouted the masses of soldiers and civilians along the route. This cry was taken up later by cries of "Good old Wilson, cheer."

The buildings along the streets were covered with American and allied flags. Victoria station was gaily decorated.

Those who said good-by to the president in addition to the king and Princess Mary were the Duke of Connaught, Premier Lloyd George, the Earl of Devonport, Lord Curzon, Walter Hume Long and a number of other notables.

During the wait and while the farewells were being said, the hand of the clock played lively airs. Five open carriages were in the procession from the palace to the railway station. In the first were King George and the president. The second contained Queen Mary, Mrs. Wilson and Princess Mary. The others were filled with the staff. Mr. Wilson sat to the right of King George. Mrs. Wilson wore the now familiar purple tulle, and Princess Mary, as a delicate compliment, also wore a tulle-trimmed hat.

The warmth of British feeling towards the president was again manifested today along the way from the palace to Victoria station. Thousands of people lined the sidewalks into the streets, cheering lustily and shouting farewell messages to the president.

There was a marked cordiality in the handshakes at the railway station. Both a naval and aerial escort will accompany the president's ship across the channel from the British to the French coast.

Mrs. Wilson carried a handsome bouquet that had been presented to her by Lady Reading in the royal waiting room of Victoria station.

The chief topic of conversation on the train coming down from London to Dover was the speech of Premier Clemenceau, in the French chamber of deputies Monday morning, when the French statesman recanted a conversation he had with President Wilson about the British fleet. Mr. Wilson would make no statement.

At the station President Wilson said he had a delightful time, indicating a rough passage but Mr. Wilson was warmly clad in a great fur coat.

As soon as they went on shipboard the president and Mrs. Wilson mounted the bridge where the former waved his hat and the latter her handkerchief.

Mr. Charles Cust will accompany the party as far as Calais, as the representative of King George.

Among those at the pier were the mayor of Dover, the marquis of Camden, General Sir Charles Wolland, Gen. Sir Colin MacKenzie and other distinguished army and naval officers.

A twenty-one-gun salute was fired by the guns in Dover Castle as the Brighton departed.

## 2,900 CASUALS ARRIVE

Gassed and Wounded Reach Newport News, Va., Dec. 31.—Approximately 2,900 officers and men debarked last night from the United States transport Aschutts were at Camp Stuart, where they were being prepared to go home on short leaves of absence. Practically all those returning on the Aschutts had been wounded or gassed, but there were few stretcher cases, as most of them had recovered sufficiently in overseas hospitals to be able to walk.

Pershing Announces.

Washington, Dec. 31.—Gen. Pershing notified the war department today that the 10th division with a total strength of approximately 15,000 men had been assigned by him for early conveyance home. They include the 28th and 30th infantry regiments of the Eighty-third division, with a strength of more than fifty officers and 3,400 men each, and the Fourth and Fifth members of the division, including about sixteen aero squadrons.

Munich Has Sensation; Leading Men Arrested

Police Assisted by Soldiers' Council.

Banker Said to Be Leader of Alleged Plot Against Present Powers.

Munich, Monday, Dec. 30.—(A. P.).—Seventeen prominent men, including one non-Bavarian Duke were arrested here last evening by the police, assisted by members of the soldiers' council.

The arrests caused the greatest sensation here since the revolution. The men were one of the largest hotels in Munich and are said to have been engaged to meet a group of officers of the Bavarian army.

It is reported the men apparently attempted to destroy a number of incriminating documents which the police seized. Three of them were released to the press, and one of the men detained is known. He is a Munich publisher and is accused of distributing arms.

This afternoon it was learned that all the men arrested had been released. The police publisher, already referred to, and a banker who is considered the ring-leader in the alleged plot.

The incident occupied the attention today of the Bavarian soldiers' and workmen's council, which began meeting yesterday. Herr Auer, minister of the interior, was himself trying to form a force of citizen soldiers, was interested in the plan which the arrested men say they were considering. He was working in good faith, he says, because he had information that mob violence was threatened for New Year's eve. Herr Auer, however, accompanied Premier Kurt Eisner to Stuttgart to attend a conference of the German states.

The matter to temporarily get beyond his control.

Herr Auer, speaking today before the soldiers' and workmen's council, defended the police action, but which was information that mob violence was threatened for New Year's eve. Herr Auer, however, accompanied Premier Kurt Eisner to Stuttgart to attend a conference of the German states.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

## DON JUAN BEYOND RHINE

Frivolity of Former Crown Prince Comes Into Spotlight.

INTRIGUES WITH WOMEN

William Hohenzollern, Ex-King of Prussia, Seen at Calais.

(By Newton C. Parker.)

Paris, Dec. 31.—(A. P.).—By mail, the crown prince of Germany is pictured as a gay adventurer spending much of his time in intrigues with women, in a series of articles written by Henry Demarest, French resident of Calaisville. The grand headquarters were formerly located at Calaisville.

Similar information concerning the frivolity of the former crown prince also has come from prisoners taken by the American army, though the residents of Calaisville have denied the stories.

William Hohenzollern, ex-king of Prussia, arrived at Calaisville, not a romantic figure of a gallant, but the more prosaic reputation of a quarrelsome low company, whom the French called "the king of the French."

Stenay the rumormonger to our ears, with his favorite some peasant girl, attracted to him by his "gay life," wrote Demarest.

"We soon learned that those who told these stories did not exaggerate. As Calaisville, the 'gay life' of the crown prince was exposed to the eyes of the public his gay adventures, his courtships, the most ordinary, but the opportunity of becoming a man of letters, of those who were referred to as 'the king of the French' by one of his royal blood."

Led Gay Life.

"The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man."

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.

The crown prince was now at the height of his honeymoon, but some of his subjects were not so happy. He was a young man, but he was a soldier. He was a soldier, but he was a young man.